# NL310 SERIES

NL940 • NL941 • NL120 • NL310 • APL2200 • APL2100 • Nd:Glass

High pulse energy NL310 series lasers are targeted for applications like OPO or Ti: Sapphire pumping, material processing and plasma diagnostics. These lasers can produce pulse energies up to 10 J in fundamental wavelength at 10 Hz pulse repetition

For the convenience of customers the NL310 series nanosecond Q-switched laser can be controlled either through a user-friendly remote keypad or USB-CAN port. The remote keypad allows easy control of all parameters and features a backlit display that is easy to read even wearing laser safety eyewear.

Software for Windows™ operating system is provided to control the laser from PC. LabView™ drivers are supplied as well, allowing laser control integration into existing Labview™ programs.

The optional second (SH, 532 nm), third (TH, 355 nm), fourth (FH, 266 nm) and fifth (FiH, 213 nm) harmonic generators can be integrated into laser head or placed outside laser head into auxiliary harmonics generator module. Output wavelength switching is done manually. Motorized wavelength switching is available by request.

Triggering of the laser is possible from built-in internal or external pulse generator. Pulses with TTL levels are required for external triggering. Laser pulses have less than 0.5 ns rms jitter with respect to Q-switch triggering pulse in both cases.

The simple and field proven design ensures easy maintenance and reliable long-term operation of the NL310 series laser.

# **High Energy Q-switched** Nd:YAG Lasers

# **FEATURES**

- ▶ Up to **10 J** output energy
- ▶ Better than 0.5% rms pulse energy stability
- ▶ **4-6** ns pulse duration
- ▶ 10 or 20 Hz repetition rate
- ▶ Temperature stabilized second, third, fourth and fifth harmonics
- ▶ Remote control via keypad or USB-CAN port
- Low jitter internal/external synchronization
- ▶ Robust and stable laser head

# **APPLICATIONS**

- ▶ OPO, Ti: Sapphire, dye laser pumping
- Material processing
- ▶ Plasma generation and diagnostics
- Nonlinear spectroscopy
- Remote sensing
- Your application is welcome!



# SPECIFICATIONS 1)

Model

1300 mJ							
1300 mJ							
	1600 mJ	2000 / 1800 mJ	3500 mJ	5000 mJ	10000 mJ		
600 mJ	800 mJ	1000 / 900 mJ	1700 mJ	2500 mJ	5000 mJ		
390 mJ	490 mJ	610 / 600 mJ	1000 mJ	1300 mJ	2000 mJ		
130 mJ	180 / 150 mJ	190 / 160 mJ	270 mJ	400 mJ	700 mJ		
25 / 20 mJ	30 / 25 mJ	40 / 30 mJ	-	-	_		
0.5 %							
1.5 %							
2.5 %							
4.0 %							
6.0 %							
±2 %							
4–6 ns			4–7 ns				
10 / 20 Hz			10 Hz				
vertical, >90 %							
<0.5 ns							
<1 cm <sup>-1</sup>							
"Hat-Top" (near field), near Gaussian (far field)							
~10 mm	~12	2 mm ~18 mm ~21 mm			~27 mm		
<0.5 mrad							
±50 μrad							
460 × 1250 × 260 mm	310 × 800 × 230 mm / 460 × 1250 × 260 mm	460 × 1250 × 260 mm			600 × 1800 × 300 mm		
	553 × 600 × 653 mm / 553 × 600 × 832 mm 5		550 × 600 × 1250 mm		550 × 600 × 1640 mm		
2.5 m							
	390 mJ 130 mJ 25 / 20 mJ 25 / 20 mJ ~10 mm 460 × 1250 × 260 mm	390 mJ 490 mJ 180 / 150 mJ 25 / 20 mJ 30 / 25 mJ 30 / 25 mJ 4-6 ns 10 / 20 Hz "Hat-~10 mm ~1.20 mm / 460 × 1250 × 260 mm / 460 × 1250 ×	390 mJ 490 mJ 610 / 600 mJ 130 mJ 180 / 150 mJ 190 / 160 mJ 25 / 20 mJ 30 / 25 mJ 40 / 30 mJ   0.5 9  1.5 9  2.5 9  4-6 ns 10 / 20 Hz  vertical, 2  <0.5  **That-Top" (near field), ne  *	390 mJ	390 mJ 490 mJ 610 / 600 mJ 1000 mJ 1300 mJ 130 mJ 130 mJ 180 / 150 mJ 190 / 160 mJ 270 mJ 400 mJ 25 / 20 mJ 30 / 25 mJ 40 / 30 mJ		

OPERATING REQUIREMENTS								
Water consumption (max 20 °C) 15)	<8 / <12 l/min	<12 / <16 l/min <12 l/min						
Ambient temperature	stabilized; from range 18–27°C							
Relative humidity	20-80% (non-condensing)							
Power requirements <sup>16)</sup>	208 – 240 V AC, single phase 50/60 Hz / 208 or 380 V AC, three phases, 50/60 Hz	208 or 380 V AC, three phases, 50/60 Hz						
Power consumption	<2 / <3.5 kVA <2.5 / <4 kVA	<4 / <5 kVA	<5 kVA	<6 kVA	<8 kVA			

- Due to continuous improvement, all specifications subject to change without notice. Parameters marked typical are not specifications. They are indications of typical performance and will vary with each unit we manufacture. Unless stated otherwise, all specifications are measured at 1064 nm.
- <sup>2)</sup> For -SH harmonics generator option.
- <sup>3)</sup> For -SH/TH harmonics generator option.
- <sup>4)</sup> For -SH/FH, -SH/TH/FH or -SH/FH/FiH harmonics generator option.
- $^{\rm 5)}~$  For -SH/FH/FiH harmonics generator option.
- <sup>6)</sup> Harmonics outputs are not simultaneous; only single wavelength beam is present at the output at once. Manual reconfiguration is required to switch wavelength.

- Averaged from pulses, emitted during 30 sec time interval after 5-15 minutes of warm-up.
- Measured over 8 hours period after 20 min warm-up when ambient temperature variation is less than ±2 °C.
- 9) FWHM.
- <sup>10)</sup> Standard deviation value, measured with respect to Q-switch triggering pulse.
- Near field (at the output aperture) TOP HAT fit is >70%.
- Beam diameter is measured at 1064 nm at the  $1/e^2$  level.
- $^{13)}$  Full angle measured at the  $1/e^2$  level at 1064 nm.

- 14) Beam pointing stability is evaluated as movement of the beam centroid in the focal plane of a focusing element.
- <sup>15)</sup> Water air cooling chiller is possible. Inquire for details.
- <sup>16)</sup> Mains voltage should be specified when ordering.





# **NL310** SERIES

# **OPTIONS**

HIGH ENERGY LASERS

▶ -G option. For models NL311, NL313. Provides beam profile optimized for OPO pumping or other applications requiring smooth, without hot spots beam profile in the near and medium field.

Pulse energies typically are lower by 30% in comparison to standard lasers without -G option.

# **BEAM PROFILE**

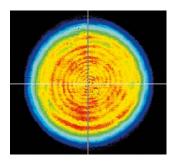
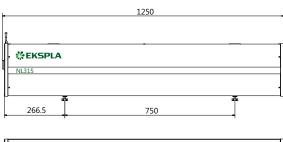
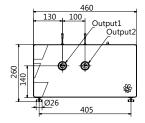


Fig 1. Typical beam profile of the NL310 series lasers. Near field

# **OUTLINE DRAWINGS**





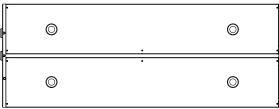


Fig 2. NL315 and NL317 lasers head outline drawing

# ORDERING INFORMATION

# NL313-10-SH/TH/FH-AW Model Options: AW → water-air heat exchanger Pulse repetition rate in Hz Harmonic generator options:

SH → second harmonic

TH → third harmonic

FH → fourth harmonic FiH → fifth harmonic

